



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
REGION 5  
77 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD  
CHICAGO, IL 60604-3590

DEC - 4 2013

REPLY TO THE ATTENTION OF:

**CERTIFIED MAIL**  
**RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED**

Mr. Randolph G. Schmeltz  
President  
Palmer Brothers Transit Mix Concrete, Inc.  
12205 East Gypsy Lane Road  
Bowling Green, Ohio 43402

Re: Palmer Brothers Transit Mix Concrete, Inc., Fremont, Ohio, Consent Agreement and  
Final Order, Docket No EPCRA-05-2014-0006.

Dear Mr. Schmeltz:

Enclosed please find a copy of the fully executed Consent Agreement and Final Order (CAFO) in resolution of the above case. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has filed the original CAFO with the Regional Hearing Clerk on December 4, 2013.

Please pay the civil penalty in the amount of \$12,574 in the manner prescribed in paragraph 55 and reference your check with the docket number EPCRA-05-2014-0006.

Your payment is due on January 3, 2014.

Please feel free to contact James Entzminger at (312) 886-4062 if you have any questions regarding the enclosed documents. Please direct any legal questions to Mony Chabria, Associate Regional Counsel, at (312) 886-6842. Thank you for your assistance in resolving this matter.

Sincerely,

Michael E. Hans, Chief  
Chemical Emergency Preparedness  
and Prevention Section

Enclosure

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
REGION 5



In the Matter of: ) Docket No. EPCRA-05-2014-0006 )  
)  
Palmer Brothers Transit Mix Concrete, Inc. ) Proceeding to Assess a Civil Penalty )  
Fremont, Ohio, ) Under Section 325(c)(1) of the Emergency )  
) Planning and Community Right-to-Know )  
Respondent. ) Act of 1986 )

Consent Agreement and Final Order  
Preliminary Statement

1. This is an administrative action commenced and concluded under Section 325(c)(1) of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA), 42 U.S.C. § 11045(c)(1) and Sections 22.13(b) and 22.18(b)(2) and (3) of the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the Revocation/Termination or Suspension of Permits (Consolidated Rules) as codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 22.

2. The Complainant is, by lawful delegation, the Chief of the Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Branch, Superfund Division, United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA), Region 5.

3. Respondent is Palmer Brothers Transit Mix Concrete, Inc., a corporation doing business in the State of Ohio.

4. Where the parties agree to settle one or more causes of action before the filing of a complaint, the administrative action may be commenced and concluded simultaneously by the issuance of a consent agreement and final order (CAFO). 40 C.F.R. § 22.13(b).

5. The parties agree that settling this action without the filing of a complaint or the adjudication of any issue of fact or law is in their interest and in the public interest.

6. Respondent consents to the assessment of the civil penalty specified in this CAFO, and the terms of the CAFO.

**Jurisdiction and Waiver of Right to Hearing**

7. Respondent admits the jurisdictional allegations in this CAFO and neither admits nor denies the factual allegations in this CAFO.

8. Respondent waives its right to request a hearing as provided at 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(c), any right to contest the allegations in this CAFO and its right to appeal this CAFO.

**Statutory and Regulatory Background**

9. Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a), and its implementing regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 370, require the owner or operator of a facility, which is required by the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) to prepare or have available a material safety data sheet (MSDS) for a hazardous chemical, to submit to the state emergency response commission (SERC), community coordinator for the local emergency planning committee (LEPC) and fire department with jurisdiction over the facility by March 1, 1988, and annually thereafter, an emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form (Tier I or Tier II as described in 40 C.F.R. Part 370). The form must contain the information required by Section 312(d) of EPCRA, covering all hazardous chemicals present at the facility at any one time during the preceding year in amounts equal to or exceeding 10,000 pounds and all extremely hazardous chemicals present at the facility at any one time in amounts equal to or greater than 500 pounds or the threshold planning quantity designated by U.S. EPA at 40 C.F.R. Part 355, Appendices A and B, whichever is lower.

10. Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a), assists state and local committees in planning for emergencies and makes information on chemical presence and hazards available to the public. A delay in reporting could result in harm to human health and the environment.

11. Under 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200(b)(1), all employers are required to provide information to their employees about the hazardous chemicals to which they are exposed including, but not limited to, an MSDS.

12. Under Section 311(e) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11021(e), with certain exceptions, the term "hazardous chemical" has the meaning given such term by 29 U.S.C. § 1910.1200(c).

13. Under 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200(c), a hazardous chemical is any chemical which is classified as a physical or health hazard, a simple asphyxiant, combustible dust, pyrophoric gas, or hazard not otherwise classified.

14. Section 325(c)(1) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11045(c)(1), authorizes U.S. EPA to assess a civil penalty of up to \$25,000 per day of violation of EPCRA Section 312. The Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, 31 U.S.C. § 3701 note, and its implementing regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 19 increased these statutory maximum penalties to \$32,500 per day of violation that occurred after March 15, 2004 through January 12, 2009 and to \$37,500 per day of violation for violations that occurred after January 12, 2009.

#### **Factual Allegations and Alleged Violations**

15. Respondent is a "person" as that term is defined under Section 329(7) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11049(7).

16. At all times relevant to this CAFO, Respondent was an owner or operator of the facility located at 210 North Stone Street, Fremont, Ohio (facility).

17. At all times relevant to this CAFO, Respondent was an employer at the facility.

18. Respondent's facility consists of buildings, equipment, structures and other stationary items which are located on a single site or on contiguous or adjacent sites, and which are owned or operated by the same person.

19. Respondent's facility is a "facility" as that term is defined under Section 329(4) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11049(4).

20. Cement is listed as a toxic and hazardous substance under OSHA regulations at 29 C.F.R. Part 1910, Subpart Z, and 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1000, Table Z-1.

21. Cement (CAS #65997-51-1) is a "hazardous chemical" within the meaning of Section 311(e) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11021(e), and 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200(c).

22. Cement (CAS #65997-15-1) has a minimum threshold level of 10,000 pounds, as provided in 40 C.F.R. Part 370.

23. Slag contains crystalline silica that is listed as a toxic and hazardous substance under OSHA regulations at 29 C.F.R. Part 1910, Subpart Z, and 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1000, Table Z-1.

24. Slag (CAS #65996-69-2) is a "hazardous chemical" within the meaning of Section 311(e) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11021(e), and 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200(c).

25. Slag (CAS #65996-69-2) has a minimum threshold level of 10,000 pounds, as provided in 40 C.F.R. Part 370.

26. The MSDS for calcium chloride lists permissible exposure limits under OSHA regulations at 29 C.F.R. Part 1910.

27. Calcium chloride is a chemical which irritates eyes and skin on contact, lungs upon inhalation, and digestive tracts upon ingestion.

28. Calcium chloride (CAS #10043-52-4) is a "hazardous chemical" within the meaning of Section 311(e) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11021(e), and 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200(c).

29. Calcium chloride (CAS #10043-52-4) has a minimum threshold level of 10,000 pounds, as provided in 40 C.F.R. Part 370.

30. During at least one period of time in calendar year 2008, cement, slag, and calcium chloride were present at the facility in amounts equal to or greater than the minimum threshold level.

31. During at least one period of time in calendar year 2009, cement, slag, and calcium chloride were present at the facility in amounts equal to or greater than the minimum threshold level.

32. During at least one period of time in calendar year 2010, cement, slag, and calcium chloride were present at the facility in amounts equal to or greater than the minimum threshold level.

33. During at least one period of time in calendar year 2011, cement, slag, and calcium chloride were present at the facility in amounts equal to or greater than the minimum threshold level.

34. At all times relevant to this CAFO, OSHA required Respondent to prepare, or have available, an MSDS for cement, slag, and calcium chloride.

35. Section 312 of EPCRA required Respondent to submit to the SERC, LEPC and fire department with jurisdiction over the facility, a completed emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride on or before March 1, 2009, for calendar year 2008.

36. Section 312 of EPCRA required Respondent to submit to the SERC, LEPC and fire department with jurisdiction over the facility, a completed emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride on or before March 1, 2010, for calendar year 2009.

37. Section 312 of EPCRA required Respondent to submit to the SERC, LEPC and fire department with jurisdiction over the facility, a completed emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride on or before March 1, 2011, for calendar year 2010.

38. Section 312 of EPCRA required Respondent to submit to the SERC, LEPC and fire department with jurisdiction over the facility, a completed emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride on or before March 1, 2012, for calendar year 2011.

39. At all times relevant to this CAFO, the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency was the SERC for Ohio under Section 301(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11001(a).

40. At all times relevant to this CAFO, the Sandusky County LEPC was the LEPC for Sandusky County, Ohio under Section 301(c) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11001(c).

41. At all times relevant to this CAFO, the Fremont Fire Department was the fire department with jurisdiction over the facility.

42. Respondent has not submitted to the SERC, the LEPC, or the Fremont Fire Department a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride for calendar year 2008.

43. Each day Respondent failed to submit to the SERC, the LEPC, and the Fremont Fire Department, a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including

cement, slag, and calcium chloride by March 1, 2009, for calendar year 2008 constitutes a separate violation of Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a).

44. Respondent has not submitted to the SERC, the LEPC, and the Fremont Fire Department a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride for calendar year 2009.

45. Each day Respondent failed to submit to the SERC, the LEPC, and the Fremont Fire Department a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride by March 1, 2010, for calendar year 2009 constitutes a separate violation of Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a).

46. Respondent has not submitted to the SERC, the LEPC, and the Fremont Fire Department a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride for calendar year 2010.

47. Each day Respondent failed to submit to the SERC, the LEPC and the Fremont Fire Department a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride by March 1, 2011, for calendar year 2010 constitutes a separate violation of Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a).

48. Respondent submitted to the SERC a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride on June 22, 2012, for calendar year 2011.

49. Each day Respondent failed to submit to the SERC a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride by March 1, 2012, for calendar year 2011 constitutes a separate violation of Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a).



50. Respondent submitted to the LEPC a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride on June 22, 2012, for calendar year 2011.

51. Each day Respondent failed to submit to the LEPC a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride by March 1, 2012, for calendar year 2011 constitutes a separate violation of Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a).

52. Respondent submitted to the Fremont Fire Department a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride on June 22, 2012, for calendar year 2011.

53. Each day Respondent failed to submit to the Fremont Fire Department a completed Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Form including cement, slag, and calcium chloride by March 1, 2012, for calendar year 2011 constitutes a separate violation of Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a).

#### Civil Penalty

54. Complainant has determined that an appropriate civil penalty to settle this action is \$12,574. In determining the penalty amount, Complainant considered the nature, circumstances, extent and gravity of the violations, Respondent's agreement to perform a supplemental environmental project, and with respect to Respondent, its ability to pay, prior history of violations, economic benefit or savings resulting from the violations and any other matters as justice may require. Complainant also considered U.S. EPA's Enforcement Response Policy for Sections 304, 311 and 312 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act and Section 103 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act,

dated September 30, 1999 (EPCRA/CERCLA Enforcement Response Policy).

55. Within 30 days after the effective date of this CAFO, Respondent must pay a \$12,574 civil penalty for the EPCRA violations. Respondent must pay the penalty by sending a cashier's or certified check, payable to "Treasurer, United States of America," to:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  
Fines and Penalties  
Cincinnati Finance Center  
P.O. Box 979077  
St. Louis, MO 63197-9000

If Respondent transmits the payment via express mail, Respondent must send a cashier's or certified check, payable to "Treasurer, United States of America," to:

U.S. Bank  
Government Lockbox 979077  
U.S. EPA Fines and Penalties  
1005 Convention Plaza  
Mail Station SL-MO-C2-GL  
St. Louis, MO 63101

The check must note the following: Palmer Brothers Transit Mix Concrete, Inc. and the docket number of this CAFO EPCRA-05-2014-0006.

56. A transmittal letter, stating Respondent's name, the case name, Respondent's complete address, and the case docket number, if any, must accompany the payment.

Respondent must send a copy of the check and transmittal letter to:

Regional Hearing Clerk (E-19J)  
U.S. EPA, Region 5  
77 West Jackson Blvd.  
Chicago, IL 60604

James Entzminger (SC-5J)  
Chemical Emergency Preparedness  
and Prevention Section  
U.S. EPA, Region 5  
77 West Jackson Blvd.  
Chicago, IL 60604

Mony Chabria (C-14J)  
Office of Regional Counsel  
U.S. EPA, Region 5  
77 West Jackson Blvd.  
Chicago, IL 60604

57. This civil penalty is not deductible for federal tax purposes.

58. If Respondent does not timely pay the civil penalty or any stipulated penalties due under paragraph 71, below, U.S. EPA may bring an action to collect any unpaid portion of the penalty with interest, handling charges, nonpayment penalties and the United States enforcement expenses for the collection action. The validity, amount and appropriateness of the civil penalty are not reviewable in a collection action.

59. Pursuant to 31 C.F.R. § 901.9, Respondent must pay the following on any amount overdue under this CAFO. Interest will accrue on any amount overdue from the date the payment was due at a rate established pursuant to 31 U.S.C. § 3717. Respondent must pay a \$15 handling charge each month that any portion of the penalty is more than 30 days past due. In addition, U.S. EPA will assess a 6 percent per year penalty on any principal amount 90 days past due.

#### **Supplemental Environmental Project**

60. Respondent must complete a supplemental environmental project (SEP) designed to protect the environment or public health by installing a 60'X150' concrete area at the Fremont, Ohio facility near the entrance along North County Highway 512, thereby reducing emissions of

particulate matter.

61. At its Fremont, Ohio facility, Respondent must complete the SEP as follows:

By May 31, 2014, Respondent will prepare the ground, frame the area, install the necessary concrete support, pour concrete, and finish concrete for the 60'X150' concrete pad along the entrance to the facility on North County Highway 512, as depicted in the diagram attached to this CAFO.

62. Respondent must spend at least \$62,736.00 to install the 60'X150' concrete pad along the entrance at North County Highway 512.

63. Respondent certifies as follows:

I certify that Palmer Brothers Transit Mix Concrete, Inc. is not required to perform or develop the SEP by any law, regulation, order, or agreement or as injunctive relief as of the date that I am signing this CAFO. I further certify that Palmer Brothers Transit Mix Concrete, Inc. has not received, and is not negotiating to receive, credit for the SEP in any other enforcement action.

I certify that Palmer Brothers Transit Mix Concrete, Inc. is not a party to any open federal financial assistance transaction that is funding or could be used to fund the same activity as the SEP. I further certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief after reasonable inquiry, there is no such open federal financial transaction that is funding or could be used to fund the same activity as the SEP, nor has the same activity been described in an unsuccessful federal financial assistance transaction proposal submitted to U.S. EPA within two years of the date that I am signing this CAFO (unless the project was barred from funding as statutorily ineligible). For purposes of this certification, the term "open federal financial assistance transaction" refers to a grant, cooperative agreement, loan, federally-guaranteed loan guarantee or other mechanism for providing federal financial assistance whose performance period has not expired.

64. U.S. EPA may inspect the facility at any time to monitor Respondent's compliance with this CAFO's SEP requirements.

65. Respondent must maintain copies of the underlying data for all reports submitted to U.S. EPA according to this CAFO. Respondent must provide the documentation of any data to U.S. EPA within seven days of U.S. EPA's request for the information.

66. Respondent must submit a SEP completion report to U.S. EPA by June 30, 2014.

This report must contain the following information:

- a. Detailed description of the SEP as completed including pictures of the completed 60'X150' concrete pad;
- b. Description of any operating problems and the actions taken to correct the problems;
- c. Itemized costs of goods and services used to complete the SEP documented by copies of invoices, purchase orders or canceled checks that specifically identify and itemize the individual costs of the goods and services; itemized costs must show that project materials were provided by Respondent at cost;
- d. Certification that Respondent has completed the SEP in compliance with this CAFO; and
- e. Description of the environmental and public health benefits resulting from the SEP (quantify the benefits and pollution reductions, if feasible).

67. Respondent must submit all notices and reports required by this CAFO by first class mail to James Entzminger of the Chemical Emergency Preparedness and Prevention Section at the address specified in paragraph 56, above.

68. In each report that Respondent submits as provided by this CAFO, it must certify that the report is true and complete by including the following statement signed by one of its officers:

I certify that I am familiar with the information in this document and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining the information, it is true and complete to the best of my knowledge. I know that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fines and imprisonment for knowing violations.

69. Following receipt of the SEP completion report described in paragraph 66, above, U.S. EPA must notify Respondent in writing that:

- a. It has satisfactorily completed the SEP and the SEP report;

- b. There are deficiencies in the SEP as completed or in the SEP report and U.S. EPA will give Respondent 30 days to correct the deficiencies; or
- c. It has not satisfactorily completed the SEP or the SEP report and U.S. EPA will seek stipulated penalties under paragraph 71.

70. If U.S. EPA exercises option b, above, Respondent may object in writing to the deficiency notice within 10 days of receiving the notice. The parties will have 30 days from U.S. EPA's receipt of Respondent's objection to reach an agreement. If the parties cannot reach an agreement, U.S. EPA will give Respondent a written decision on its objection. Respondent will comply with any requirements that U.S. EPA imposes in its decision. If Respondent does not complete the SEP as required by U.S. EPA's decision, Respondent will pay stipulated penalties to the United States under paragraph 71, below.

71. If Respondent violates any requirement of this CAFO relating to the SEP, Respondent must pay stipulated penalties to the United States as follows:

- a. Except as provided in subparagraph b, below, if Respondent did not complete the SEP satisfactorily according to the requirements of this CAFO, including the schedule in paragraph 61, Respondent must pay a penalty of \$37,721.
- b. If Respondent did not complete the SEP satisfactorily, but U.S. EPA determines that Respondent made good faith and timely efforts to complete the SEP and certified, with supporting documents, that it spent at least 90 percent of the amount set forth in paragraph 62, Respondent will not be liable for any stipulated penalty under subparagraph a, above.
- c. If Respondent completed the SEP satisfactorily, but spent less than 90 percent of the amount set forth in paragraph 62, Respondent must pay a penalty of the difference between \$62,736 and the amount spent by Respondent in completing the SEP.
- d. If Respondent did not submit timely the SEP completion report required in paragraph 66, Respondent must pay penalties in the following amounts for each day after the report was due until it submits the report:

<u>Penalty Per Violation Per Day</u>	<u>Period of Violation</u>
\$ 500	1st through 14th day
\$1,000	15th through 30th day
\$1,500	31st day and beyond

72. U.S. EPA's determinations of whether Respondent completed the SEP satisfactorily and whether Respondent made good faith and timely efforts to complete the SEP will bind Respondent.

73. Respondent must pay any stipulated penalties within 15 days of receiving U.S. EPA's written demand for the penalties. Respondent will use the method of payment specified in paragraphs 56, above, and will pay interest, handling charges and nonpayment penalties on any overdue amounts.

74. Any public statement that Respondent makes referring to the SEP must include the following language, "Respondent undertook this project under the settlement of the United States Environmental Protection Agency's enforcement action against Respondent for violations of EPCRA Section 312."

75. Nothing in this CAFO is intended to nor will be construed to constitute U.S. EPA approval of the equipment or technology installed by Respondent in connection with the SEP under the terms of this CAFO.

76. For federal income tax purposes, Respondent will neither capitalize into inventory or basis, nor deduct any costs or expenditures incurred in performing the SEP.

#### General Provisions

77. This CAFO resolves only Respondent's liability for federal civil penalties for the violations alleged in the CAFO.

78. This CAFO does not affect the rights of U.S. EPA or the United States to pursue

appropriate injunctive or other equitable relief or criminal sanctions for any violations of law.

79. Respondent certifies that it is complying with Section 312(a) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11022(a).

80. This CAFO does not affect Respondent's responsibility to comply with EPCRA and other applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.

81. This CAFO is a "final order" for purposes of U.S. EPA's EPCRA/CERCLA Enforcement Response Policy.

82. The terms of this CAFO bind Respondent and its successors and assigns.

83. Each person signing this consent agreement certifies that he or she has the authority to sign for the party whom he or she represents and to bind that party to its terms.

84. Each party agrees to bear its own costs and attorney's fees in this action.

85. This CAFO constitutes the entire agreement between the parties.

**Palmer Brothers Transit Mix Concrete, Inc., Respondent**

Nov 18, 2013  
Date

R. G. Schmeltz, President  
Randolph G. Schmeltz  
President  
Palmer Brothers Transit Mix Concrete, Inc.



U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Complainant

11/26/13  
Date

*for* Lawrence Schmitt  
Sharon Jaffess, Chief  
Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Branch  
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  
Region 5

11/27/2013  
Date

*for* Richard C. Karl  
Richard C. Karl, Director  
Superfund Division  
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  
Region 5

In the Matter of: Palmer Brothers Transit Mix Concrete, Inc., Fremont, Ohio  
Docket No. EPCRA-05-2014-0006

Final Order

This Consent Agreement and Final Order, as agreed to by the parties, shall become effective immediately upon filing with the Regional Hearing Clerk. This Final Order concludes this proceeding pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.18 and 22.31. IT IS SO ORDERED.

12/2/13

Date



Susan Hedman  
Regional Administrator  
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  
Region 5



**In the Matter of: Palmer Brothers Transit Mix Concrete, Inc., Fremont, Ohio**  
**Docket No. EPCRA-05-2014-0006**

**Certificate of Service**

I, James Entzminger, certify that I filed the original and a copy of the Consent Agreement and Final Order (CAFO) with the Regional Hearing Clerk, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, delivered a copy of the CAFO by intra-office mail to the Regional Judicial Officer, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, and mailed the second original CAFO by first-class, postage prepaid, certified mail, return receipt requested, to Respondent by placing it in the custody of the United States Postal Service addressed as follows:

Randolph G. Schmeltz  
President  
Palmer Brothers Transit Mix Concrete, Inc.  
12205 East Gypsy Lane Road  
Bowling Green, Ohio 43402

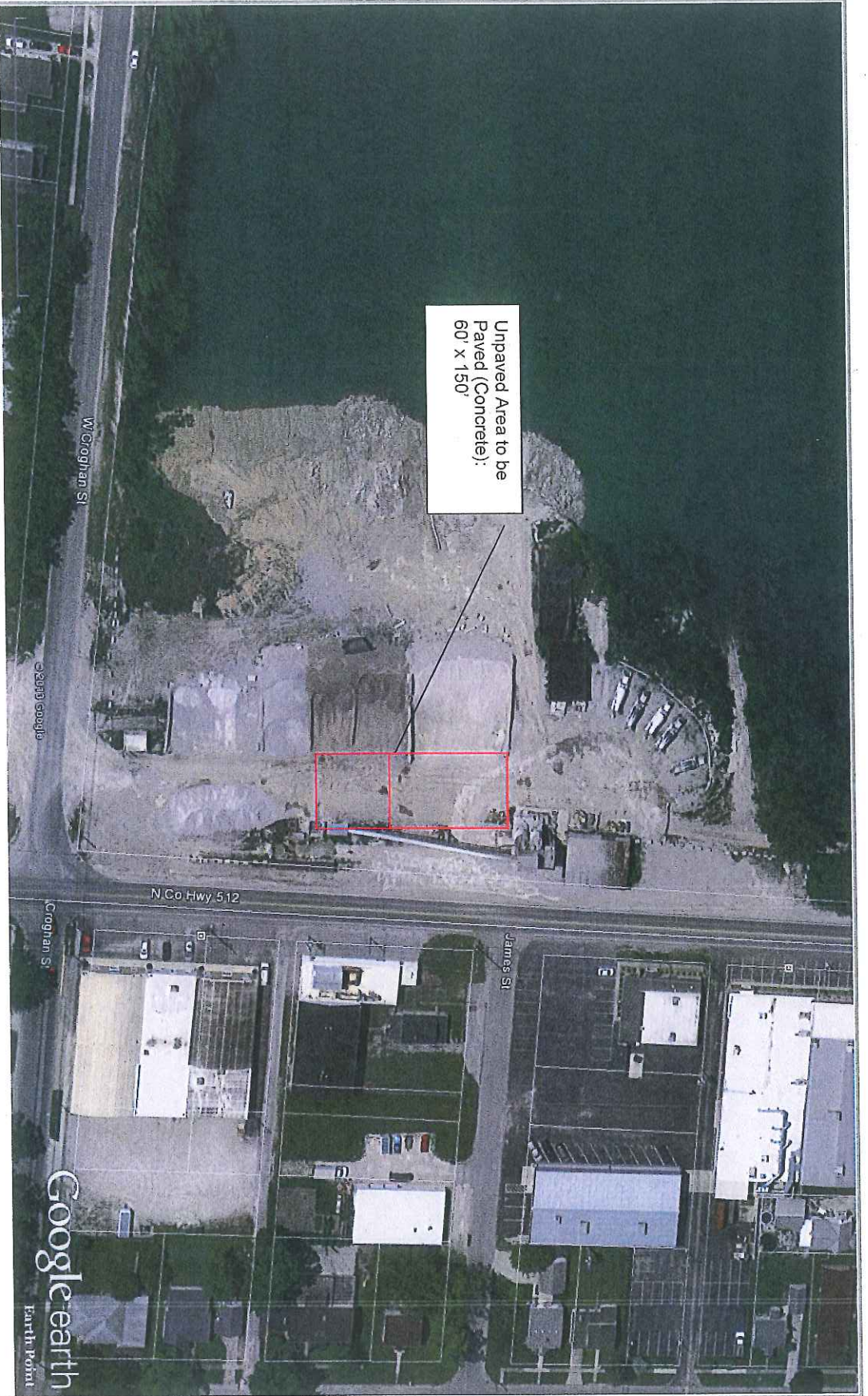
I also mailed a copy of the CAFO by first-class mail to:

Brian P. Barger  
Attorney  
Brady, Coyle & Schmidt, Ltd  
4052 Holland-Sylvania Road  
Toledo, Ohio 43623-2591

on the 4<sup>th</sup> day of December, 2013



  
~~James Entzminger~~ Sarah P. Sniders  
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  
Region 5



Unpaved Area to be Paved (Concrete):  
60' x 150'

**Dine** **COMPLY**  
Incorporated

22 October 2013

**PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM**  
**2013 Paving Project**  
Revised

**Company / Facility ID**  
Palmer Bros. Concrete  
Fremont Plant  
Facility ID #03-72-03-0067